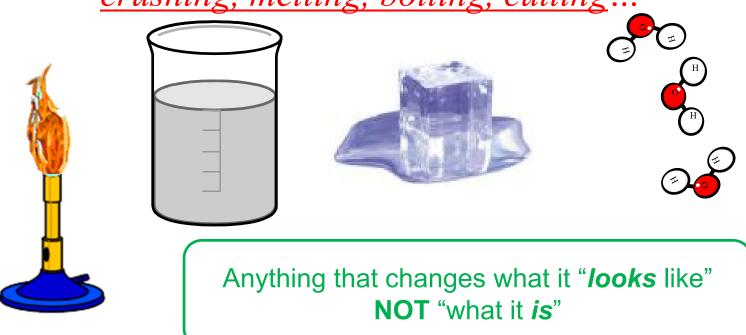
Property	Metal	Nonmetal	Metalloid
Lustre	shiny	dull	shiny*
Malleable	$\checkmark$		*
Ductile			*
State (Rm Tp)	solid*	solid / gas*	solid
<b>Conduct heat</b>	$\checkmark$		*
<b>Conduct</b> electricity			semi
(*) – there are exceptions to these properties			

## **Physical Change**

- A change in **shape** or **state** of a substance
- No evidence of a new material forming
- Examples

- crushing, melting, boiling, cutting...

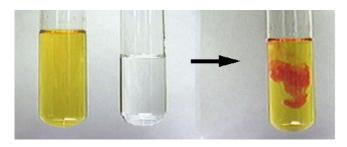


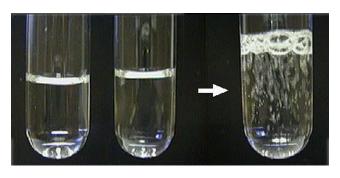
## **Chemical change**

- A change in chemical properties of a substance
- \*\*Means a new substance is formed
  - a chemical reaction has happened!

## Evidence of a chemical reaction (and chemical change):

- 1. A change in colour
- 2. A *change* in <u>smell</u>
- 3. Fizzing or bubbling (new gas being made)

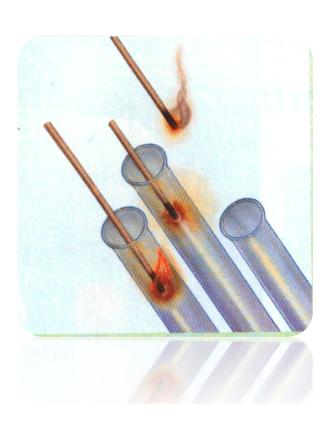




## Testing for Gases

## **Oxygen**

• flame re-ignites or *glows brighter* 



# **Hydrogen**

• gas explodes with a "pop"



- 4. A <u>new solid forms</u> from a mixture of liquids or the mixture goes cloudy
- This new solid is called a <u>precipitate</u>



- 5. A *change* in <u>energy</u>
- "Energy" could be <u>light</u>, <u>heat</u>, <u>sound</u> think of the most obvious change in energy reaction an **EXPLOSION!**

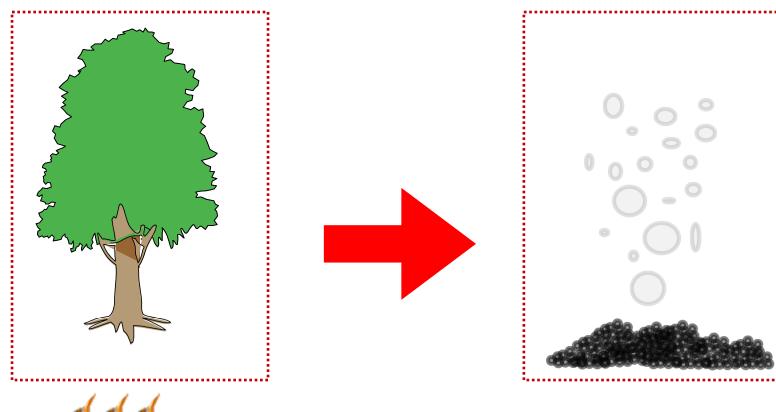


# 5 Signs of a Chemical Change:

1. Change in **COLOUR** 

- 2. Change in **SMELL**
- 3. New <u>GAS</u> formed (bubbles or fizzing)
- 4. New <u>SOLID</u> formed (called *precipitate*)
- 5. Change in **ENERGY** (hot or cold)







1000 kg

Would the tree and the by-products weigh the same?

## **Early Scientists**

- **1. Lavoisier** (1750)
- Defined element:

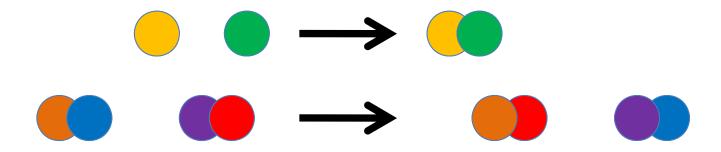
Pure substance that cannot be broken down into simpler parts.

At the time there were only 17 "substances"

- Experimented to prove Aristotle's water and air were mixtures of elements
- Experimented to prove elements can't be created or destroyed

#### Law of Conservation of Matter:

In any chemical reaction matter cannot be created or destroyed.



Atoms will *rearrange* to form *new* compounds – with **new** properties, but the *number and type* of atoms will *not change* during the reaction