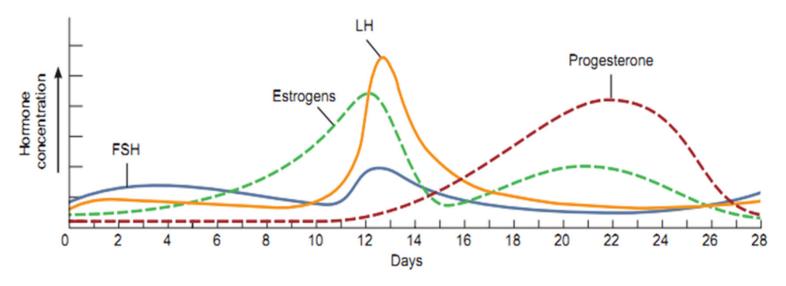
Human Reproduction

Menstruation and Pregnancy



(b) Changes in concentration of anterior pituitary and ovarian hormones

OUTCOME QUESTION(S):

S1-1-10:

How does a fertilized egg turn into a baby and what determines the gender?

Vocabulary & Concepts

Ovulation Menstrual Cycle

Fertilization Zygote Embryo

Fetus

• Follicle – cells surrounding the egg inside ovary

The "egg(s)" is also know as an oocyte(s) or an ovum (ova)

Ovulation:

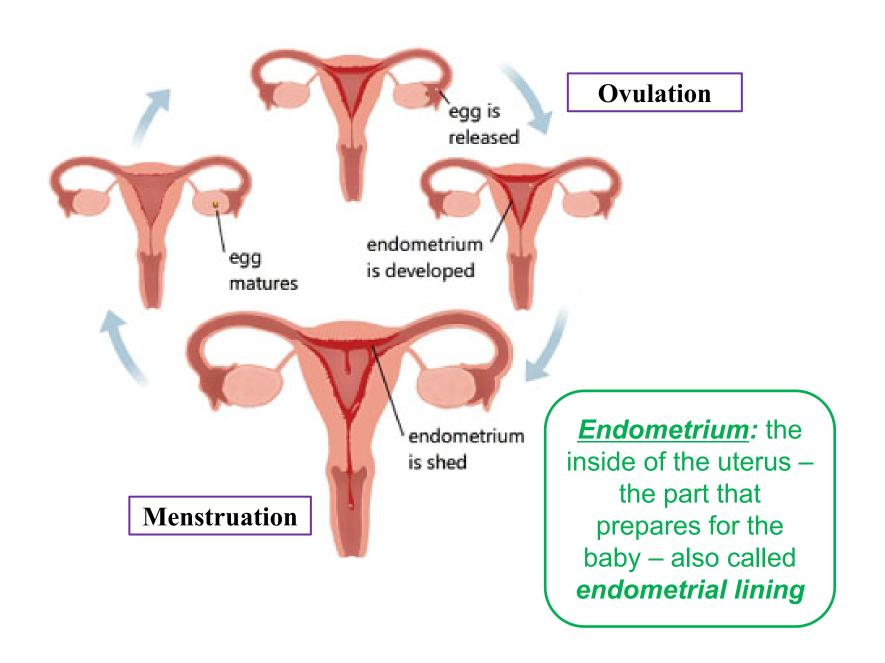
(shell)

Release of ovum from a follicle in the ovary as a response to a *hormonal brain signal*.

Menstrual Cycle:

Monthly cycle of changes that occur in the <u>ovaries</u> and <u>uterus</u> - includes ovulation and menstruation.

• Ovulation occurs at a **halfway** point in the cycle

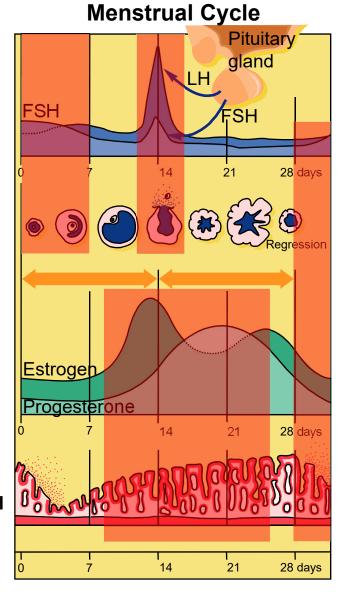


BrainHormone
Levels

Ovarian Cycle

> Sex Hormone Levels

Endometrial changes



Menstrual Cycle consists for 4 **repeating** steps:

- 1. *Brain* prepares *one* **follicle** to grow and release **hormones**.
- 2. Brain triggers ovulation.
- 3. <u>Estrogen</u> and <u>progesterone</u> maintain endometrial lining.
- 4. No <u>fertilization</u>:

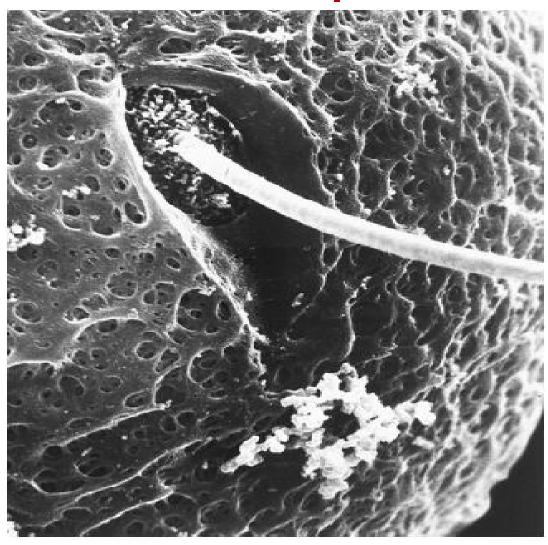
 follicle dies, hormones

 drop → <u>menstruation</u>.

 (per well)

REPEAT

Fetal Development

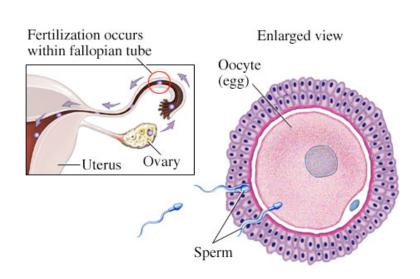


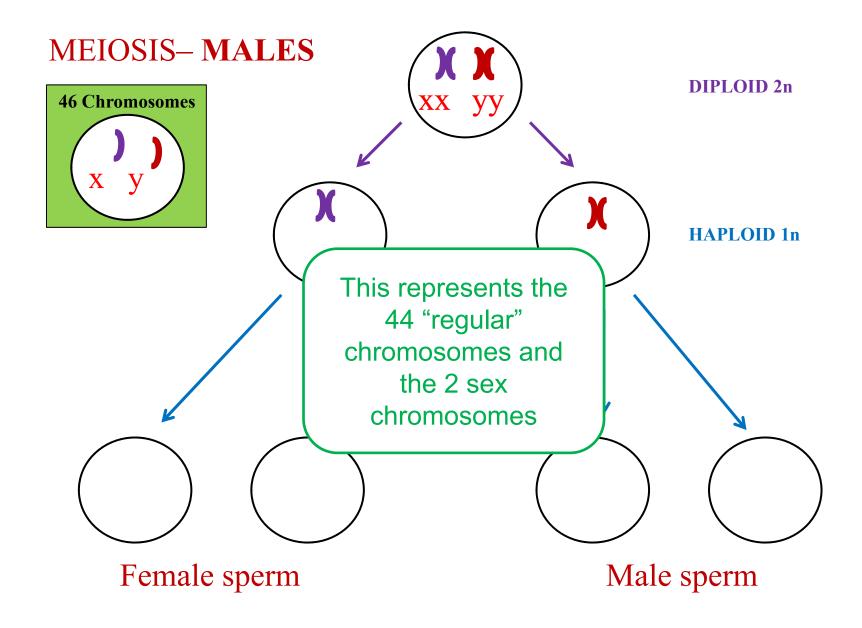
Begins with Fertilization

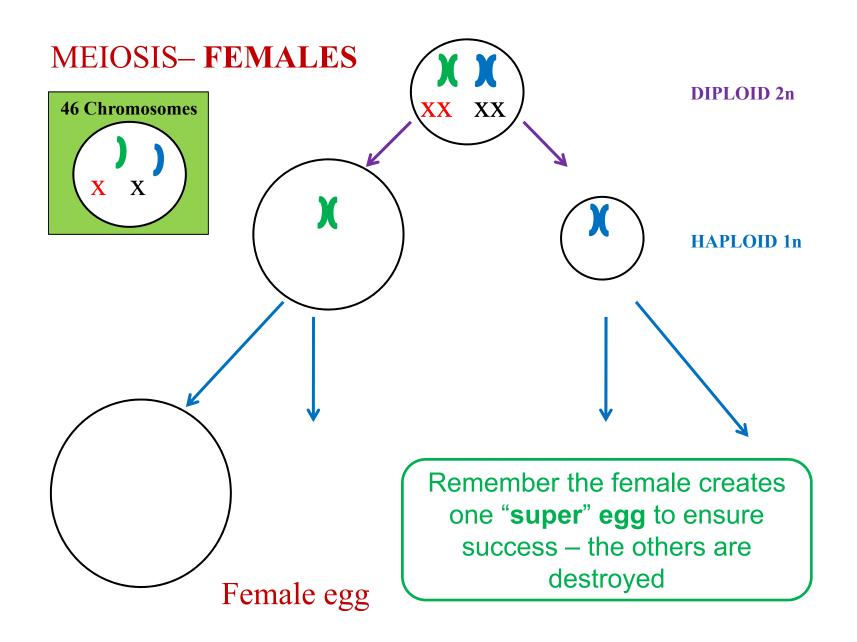
Occurs when egg and sperm meet in the oviduct

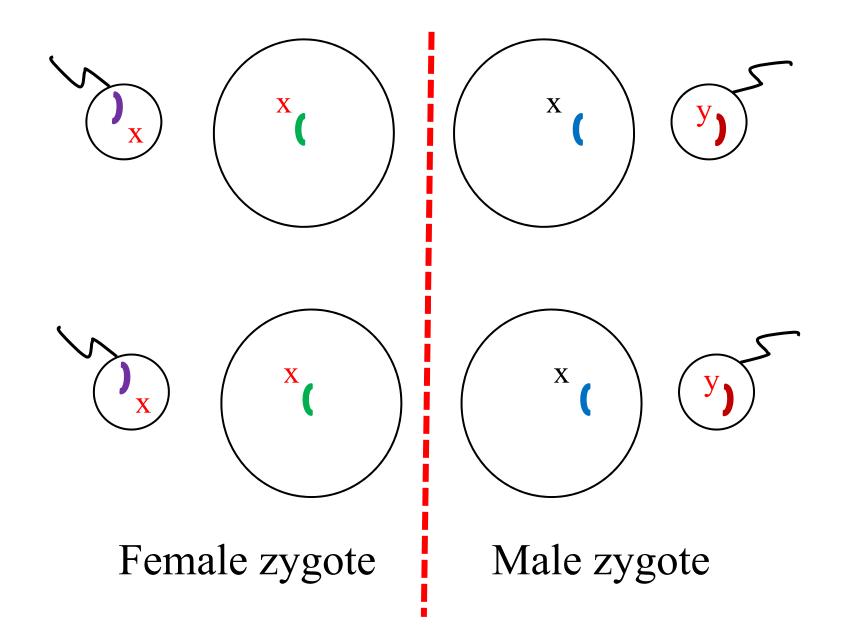
- Nuclei join to produce a <u>single</u> diploid cell called a <u>zygote</u>
- Zygote <u>implants</u> into the endometrium and releases new hormones to maintain the lining

Remember: the sex is determined by the male - X or Y sex chromosome in the sperm

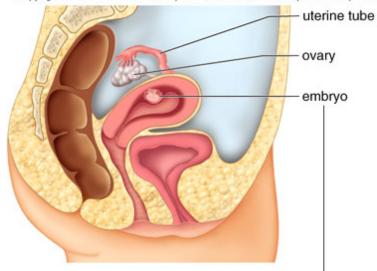




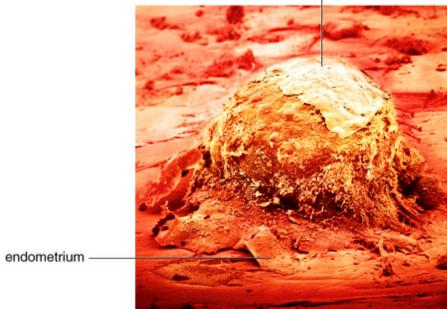




Copyright @ The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. Permission required for reproduction or display.



There are 2 stages of "baby" development:



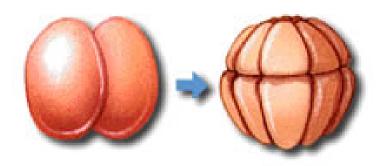
1. Embryo Stage (the first <u>8</u> weeks)

Zygote implants in endometrial lining and begins to grow (divide) by mitosis.

Once implanted the zygote is called an embryo

Congrats! You are now officially pregnant

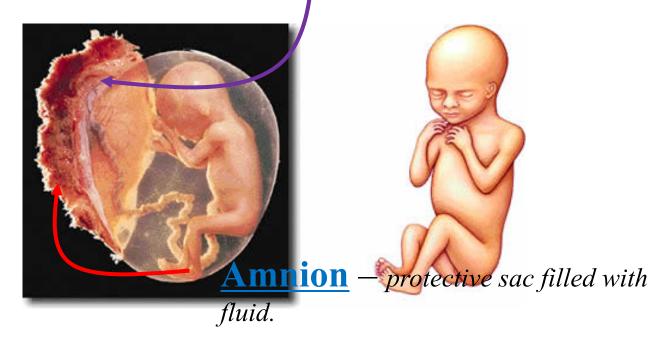
Cleavage: the process of mitotic divisions that changes the zygote into a multicellular embryo.



2. Fetus Stage (after & weeks until birth) through umbilical cord.

Developing embryo forms bone cells around the *ninth* week of pregnancy.

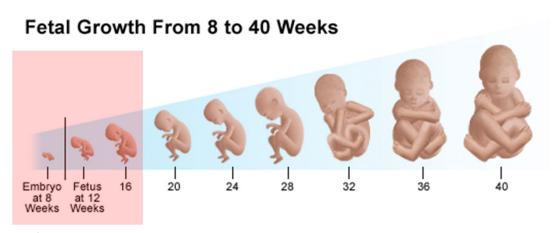
Once bone forms, embryo called a fetus (until born)



Pregnancy can **also** be *divided* in 3 trimesters:

1st trimester (conception to 3rd month)

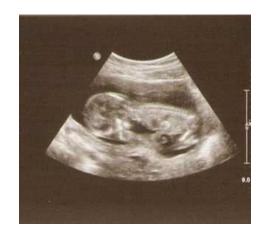
- development of all body systems and organs
- embryo is particularly sensitive to alcohol/drugs
- sex can be determined



1st trimester

2nd trimester − 4th to 6th months

- period of rapid and continuous growth
- Only **brain** and lungs still developing
- fetus movements can be **felt**



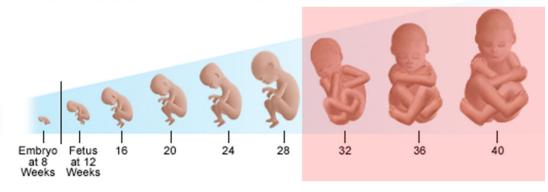
Fetal Growth From 8 to 40 Weeks Embryo Fetus 16 at 12 Weeks Weeks Embryo Retus 16 20 24 28 32 36 40

2nd trimester

3rd trimester (7th to 9th month/birth)

- fetus kicks, stretches and moves freely
- Eyes sense light, fingerprints have formed
- Ends with **labour**

Fetal Growth From 8 to 40 Weeks



3rd trimester