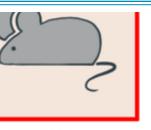
NAME: _____ CLASS PERIOD: ____

Lab Safety Assessment

Garden Valley Collegiate - Science Department
Student Worksheet



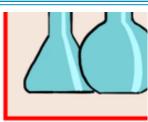
ANIMAL HAZARD



SHARP INSTRUMENT HAZARD



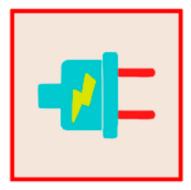
HEAT HAZARD



GLASSWARE HAZARD



CHEMICAL HAZARD



ELECTRICAL HAZARD



EYE & FACE HAZARD



FIRE HAZARD



BIOHAZARD



LASER RADIATION HAZARD



RADIOACTIVE HAZARD



EXPLOSIVE HAZARD

WHMIS and Safety Worksheet

- 1. What does WHMIS stand for?
- 2. What is the purpose of WHMIS?
- 3. What information would you find on a WHMIS label?
- 4. Do all products and chemicals have WHMIS labels? Explain.
- 5. Identify the following symbols, write down at least one hazard this symbol represents and give one example of a material or chemical that may have this symbol.



	Identify Symbol	One Hazard	Example
Α			
В			
С			
D			
E			
F			
G			
н			

6. What is an MSDS, and what kind of information would be found on it?

7.	Identify	the following	International	Safety	Symbols.
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②		
A	B	c
D W	E E	F
G	H A	ĭ
J	K	V L

Δ	
^	
В	
С	
D	
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F	
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I	
J	
•	
K	

Safety in the Science Classroom Exercise

For each of the following safety rules, give one GOOD reason why we have that safety rule.

a)	Never begin an experiment or lab without your teacher's permission. Sample Answer: The teacher might have some important information you need to make the experiment work properly and safe.
b)	Keep your safety goggles on as long as there are any chemicals being used in the lab, even if you yourself are finished.
c)	Never eat, drink, or chew gum during a lab.
d)	Put test tubes in a test tube rack before pouring liquids into them.
e)	Make sure your hands are dry when using electrical equipment.
f)	Report any injuries, no matter how minor, to your teacher.
g)	Always cut away from yourself and away from others when using a scalpel.
h)	When diluting acid, always add small amounts of acid to large amounts of water.
i)	If your clothing catches on fire, never run.
j)	When holding a bottle from which you are going to pour chemical, keep the label against the palm of your hand.
k)	If a chemical gets in your eye, flush it with running water for at least 15 minutes.

Using the collection of five sample bottles, identify each of the names of the substances and their "fire diamond" values and place them in the table below.

	Substance Name	"Fire Diamond" Values		
Bottle		Health	Flammability	Reactivity
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				